

CALPHOXIN

Supports strong bones

Characteristics

Complementary feed for horses, ponies and camels. Prequine Calphoxin is produced according to GMP+ FSA quality guidelines. Prequine Calphoxin is developed to support strong bones by the supplementation of amongst others: phosphorus, calcium, copper, zinc, manganese, several vitamins and methylsulphonylmethane (MSM). The right balance between calcium and digestible phosphorus in animals is crucial for the maintenance of strong bones, but this needed ratio changes with the age of an animal, with younger animals needing more calcium compared to digestible phosphorus than mature animals. Prequine Calphoxin is developed with this ratio being correct for mature animals, in order to support the retention of strong bones. Zinc and copper are trace elements that play an important role in the bone development and formation, and for this reason have been added in the high bio-available chelated form. Next to these trace elements, also the trace element manganese is added as it activates enzymes involved in bone development and assists in mineralization. Vitamins A and D3 play a supporting role in the bone mineralization, with vitamin D3 also playing a supporting role in the absorption of both calcium and phosphorus. MSM is a natural compound that is important in supporting the formation of connective tissue, including bone and cartilage.

Directions for use

Mix with feed.
 Horses: 1 x 60 g per day.
 Ponies: Half of the above-mentioned quantity.
 Camels: 1 x 60 g per day.

Storage

Store dark and dry at 15-25°C.
 Close packaging after each use.
 Keep out of sight and reach of children.

Presentation

Bucket à 2 kg.
 Bucket à 4 kg.

Shelf life

3 years from manufacturing date (MFD).

Composition

Contains:

Monocalcium phosphate, Calcium carbonate, Methylsulphonylmethane (MSM), Dextrose, Magnesium oxide.

Feed additives per kg:

Vitamins: 3a672a, Vitamin A, 500.000 IU; 3a671, Vitamin D3, 50.000 IU.
Trace elements: 3b406, Copper, from Copper (II) chelate of amino acids hydrate, 1,8 g; 3b503, Manganese, from Manganous sulphate monohydrate, 5,0 g; 3b606, Zinc, from Zinc chelate of amino acids hydrate, 8,0 g.

